

## 重组人成纤维细胞因子(FGF-19)

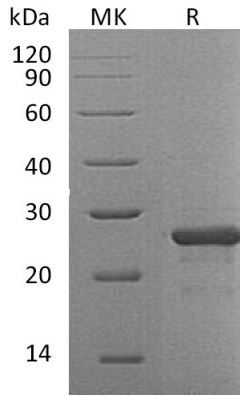
Fibroblast growth factor 19(FGF-19),Human,Recombinant(C-6His )

Cat. No.: MA1379-1    Size: 10 $\mu$ g

<b>Source:</b>	E.coli
<b>Description:</b>	Recombinant Human Fibroblast Growth Factor 19 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Phe27-Lys216 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.
<b>Accession:</b>	<a href="#">O95750</a>
<b>Known As:</b>	Fibroblast growth factor 19; FGF-19; FGF19
<b>Predicted Mol Mass:</b>	23.5 KDa
<b>Apparent Mol Mass:</b>	26 KDa, reducing conditions
<b>Endotoxin:</b>	< 0.01 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
<b>Formulation:</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0.
<b>Reconstitution:</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu$ g/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping:</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Storage:</b>	Lyophilized protein should be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ , stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 months.
<b>Background:</b>	Fibroblast growth factor 19 (FGF19) is a secreted protein which belongs to the FGFs family. FGF19 is expressed in fetal brain, cartilage, retina, and adult gall bladder. FGFs modulate cellular activity via at least 5 distinct subfamilies of high-affinity FGF receptors (FGFRs): FGFR-1, -2, -3, and -4, all with intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity. FGFRs can be important for regulation of glucose and lipid homeostasis. FGF19 has important roles as a hormone produced in the ileum in response to bile acid absorption. It has been shown to cause resistance to diet-induced obesity and insulin desensitization and to improve insulin, glucose, and lipid profiles in diabetic rodents. FGF19 can be considered as a regulator of energy expenditure.



**Purity-SDS-PAGE:**



Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

